



Laboratorij za načrtovanje integriranih vezij

**FE**

UNIVERZA V LJUBLJANI

Fakulteta za elektrotehniko

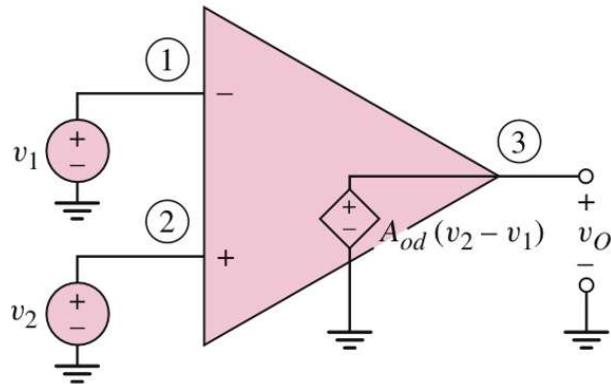
Linearna elektronska vezja

Operacijski ojačevalnik - idealni

In this chapter, we will:

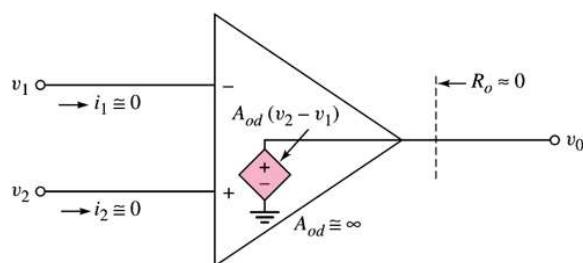
- ▶ Develop the parameters and characteristics of the ideal operational amplifier, and determine the analysis method of ideal op-amp circuits.
 - ▶ inverting operational amplifier
 - ▶ summing operational amplifier
 - ▶ noninverting operational amplifier
- ▶ Analyze several ideal op-amp circuits including the difference amplifier and the instrumentation amplifier.
- ▶ Design several ideal op-amp circuits with given design specifications.

Ideal Op-Amp Equivalent Circuit

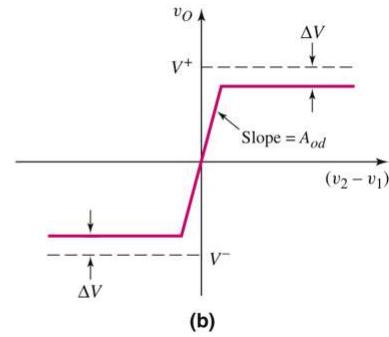
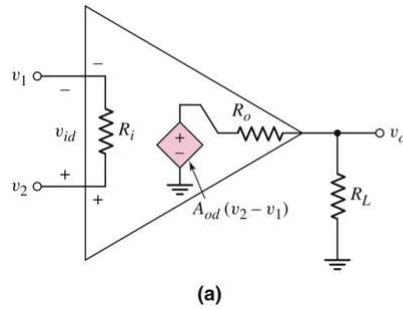


Ideal Op-Amp Characteristics

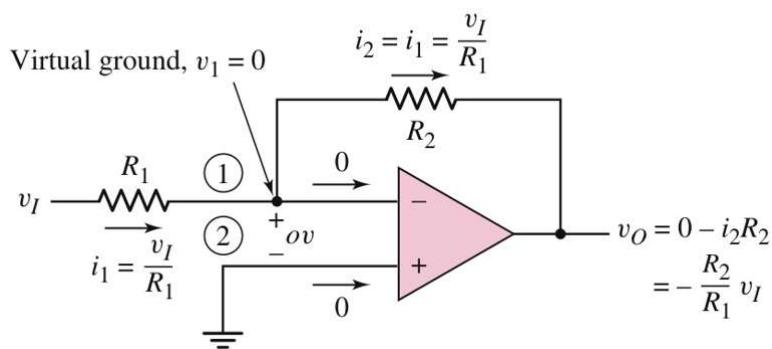
- ▶ Internal differential gain A_{od} is infinite.
- ▶ Differential input voltage ($v_2 - v_1$) is zero.
- ▶ Effective input resistance is infinite.
- ▶ Output resistance is zero, so output voltage is connected directly to dependent voltage source.



Equivalent Circuit of Op-Amp



Inverting Op-Amp

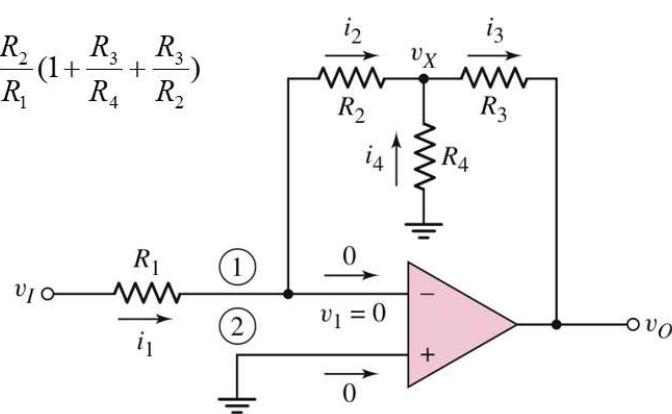


Problem-Solving Technique: Ideal Op-Amp Circuits

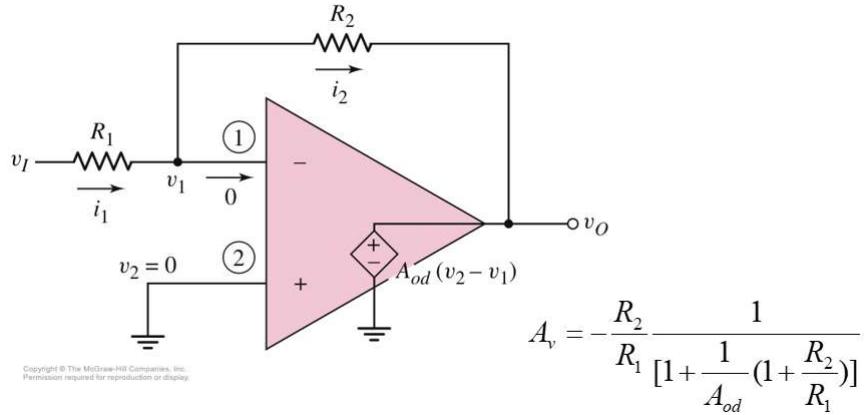
1. If noninverting terminal is grounded, then inverting terminal is virtual ground.
 - ▶ Sum currents at node assuming no current enters Op Amp
2. If noninverting terminal is not grounded, then inverting terminal voltage is equal to that of the noninverting terminal.
 - ▶ Sum currents at node assuming no current enters Op Amp.
 - ▶ Output voltage is determined from either Step 1 or 2.

Inverting Op-Amp with T-Network

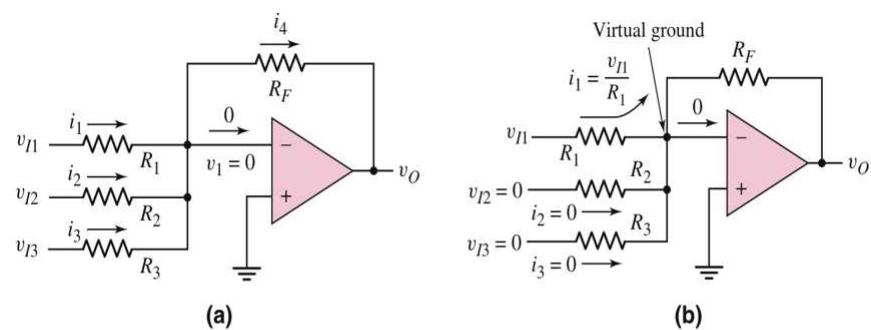
$$A_v = -\frac{R_2}{R_1} \left(1 + \frac{R_3}{R_4} + \frac{R_3}{R_2}\right)$$



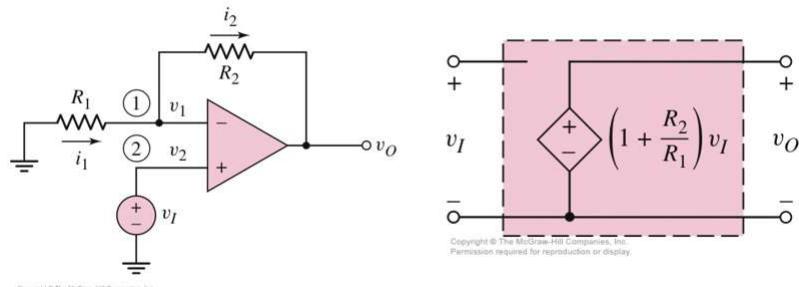
Inverting Op-Amp with Finite Differential-Mode Gain



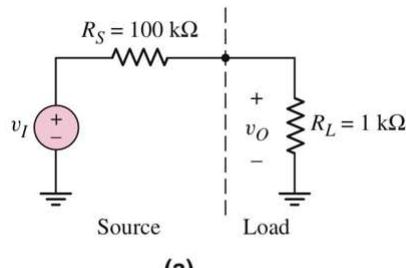
Summing Op-Amp



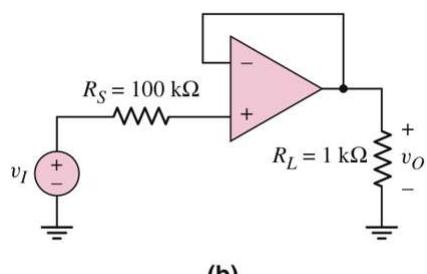
Noninverting Op-Amp


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Voltage Follower



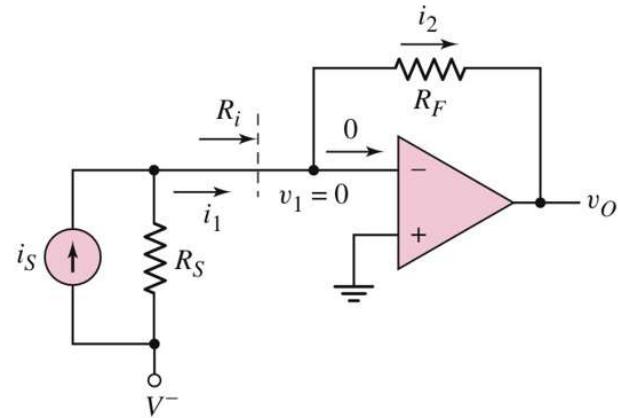
(a)

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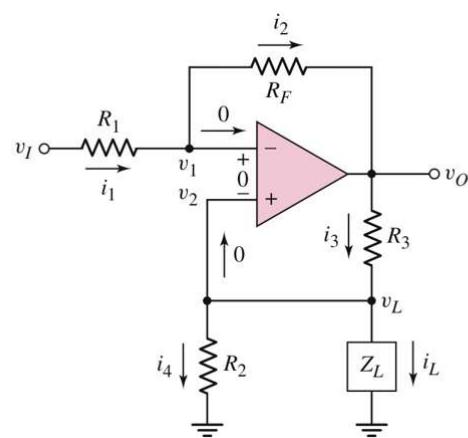
(b)

$$\frac{v_O}{v_I} = \frac{R_L}{R_L + R_S}$$

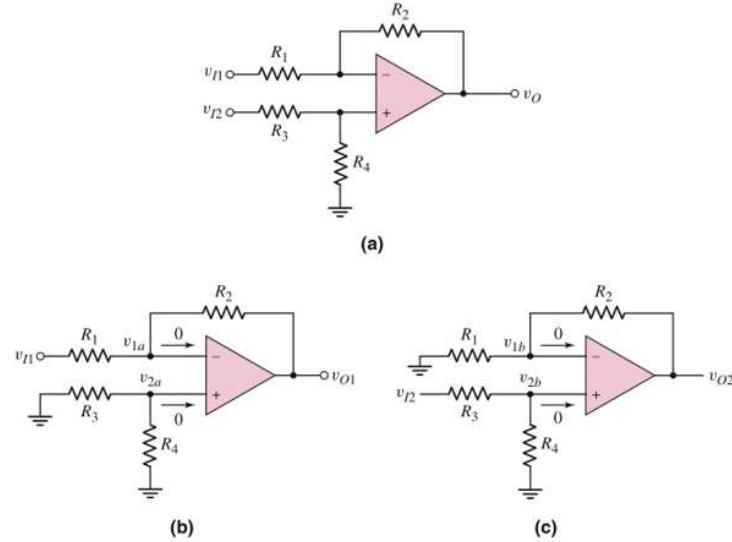
Current-to-Voltage Converter



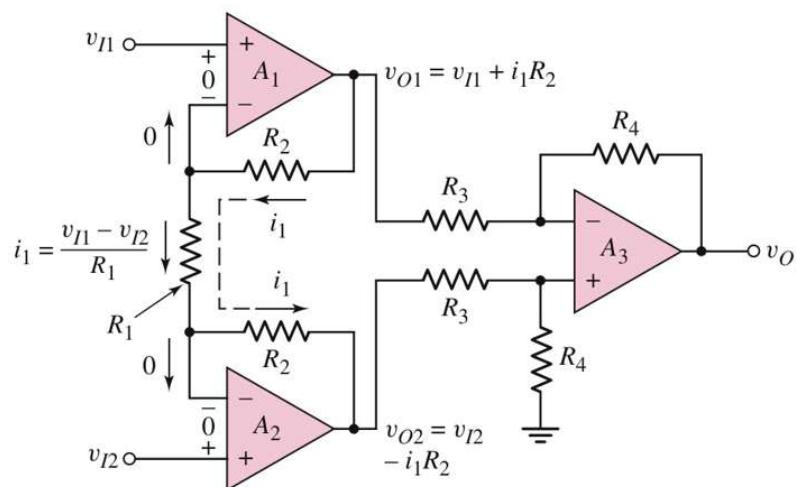
Voltage-to-Current Converter



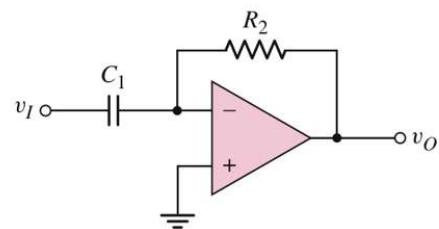
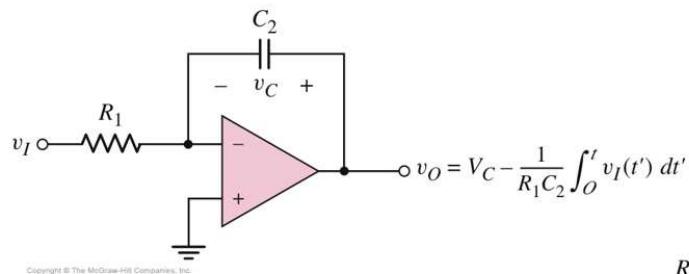
Op-Amp Difference Amplifier



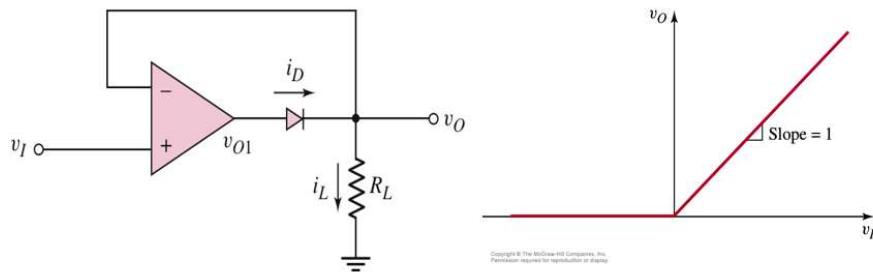
Instrumentation Amplifier



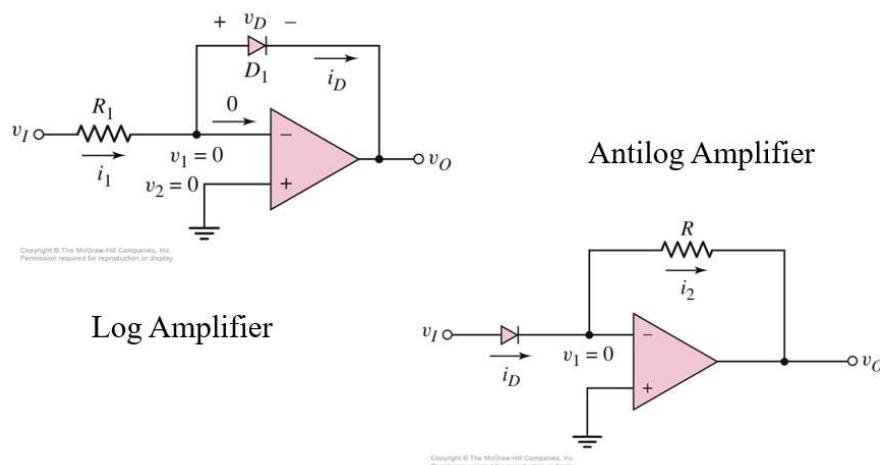
Op-Amp Integrator and Differentiator



Precision Half-Wave Rectifier



Log and Antilog Amplifiers



Op-Amp Voltage Reference Circuit

